

Years 3 to 6

Ashley Junior School

Intent:

We want all our pupils to acquire and develop the skills and knowledge that will foster a life- long passion and enthusiasm for the Visual Arts.

By layering, revisiting and expanding upon these skills, our pupils will be able to demonstrate a clear progression in their learning journey that will be evident in their Sketch Books that travel with them as they progress through the school.

We want our pupils to become reflective and critical thinkers and to be able to engage in increasingly rigorous discussions about their understanding of art, sharing their own opinions and ideas.

At the end of their time at AJS, our pupils will have progressively explored a wide range of art learning opportunities. We would like our pupils to have knowledge about a wide range of artists and cultures, and how these have helped to create the world they live in today.

<u>Implementation</u>

At Ashley Junior School, we will achieve this by:

- Teaching art regularly. The children will cover an art topic at least once a term and will also have additional opportunities to engage with art and design activities throughout the school year.
- Linking art as closely as possible to other subjects for the term, to ensure relevance and context.
- Teaching a predominantly skills-based curriculum, which covers drawing, painting, sculpture, textiles and printing.
- Ensuring that each child develops their skills and techniques in a way appropriate to them, using a variety of art materials and teaching strategies.
- Fostering an enjoyment and appreciation of the visual arts and a knowledge of artists, craftspeople and designers; using our focused "Arts Week" to introduce pupils to a wide range of contemporary and historical artists and craftspeople.
- Utilising a sketchbook approach, so that children feel safe to experiment and take risks, without the fear of doing something "wrong".
- Openly promoting art and design as a possible further study or career choice.
- Encouraging each child to evaluate their art and design work and that of others, both with peers and adults.
- Celebrating effort, progress and achievement in art through display and exhibitions.

Impact

Enthusiasm for and a love of art is fostered and encouraged across the school. Teachers have high expectations and it is anticipated that pupils will use the correct technical vocabulary with increasing accuracy. Pupils are expected to know, apply and understand the skills referred to in the learning journeys. Children will increase their curiosity of the world and learn how the world has influenced and affected art movements through the decades. Pupils will become more effective at critiquing their own work and that of other artists. The pupils at Ashley Junior School will improve their resilience and perseverance in Art by consistently reviewing, evaluating and improving their work. By nurturing a passion for the Visual Arts, the pupils will be able to speak confidently about their artwork and skills.

Year 3- Autumn







WALT reflect and evaluate.

WALT: create a piece of art inspired by Yoyoi Kusama.

Artist: Yoyoi Kusama

Improve mastery: drawing

• Sketch books: review and revisit

WALT: Create patterns and simple textures in drawings using secondary colours.

WALT discuss and draw a piece of 'pumpkin art' by the artist Yoyoi Kusama.

WALT: create an observational drawing of a pumpkin using crayon.

WALT: draw simple objects from observation- draw a variety of squashes.





Retrieval:	Year 3- Autumn	WALT reflect and evaluate.
		/ALT: create a piece of art inspired by Yoyoi Kusama.
	 Artist: Yoyoi Kusama Improve mastery: drawing Sketch books: review and revisit 	nd simple textures in drawings using secondary colours.
	WALT discuss and draw a piece of 'pumpkin art'	by the artist Yoyoi Kusama.
	WALT: create an observational drawing of a pum	pkin using crayon.
	WALT: draw simple objects from observation- draw a varie	ty of squashes.
Key Questions:		A ➤ Orange B ➤ Purple C ➤ Green
1) What have you learned about Yayoi Kusama?	2) Name three secondary colours.	3) Demonstrate, with a pencil, shading techniques.
		••••••

Resources











Year 3 -Summer



WALT: reflect and evaluate.

Temperature

Warm and cool colours

The twelve part colour wheel can be split in half into a section of six **warm** colours and a section of six **cool** colours.



Artist: Andy Warhol & Christina Balit

Improving mastery: painting

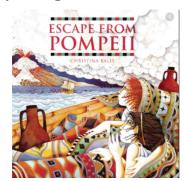
Sketch books: record, review, revisit.

WALT create your own volcano using the skills learned e.g. collage, painting and ink.

WALT experiment with a range of collage techniques such as tearing, overlapping and layering.

WALT recreate a volcano Andy Warhol's volcano using watercolours and ink.

WALT: use warm and cool colours to recreate half of the volcano illustration by C Balit.



Retrieval:	Year 3 -Summer	
		Temperature Warm and coal colours
		The twelve part colour wheel can be split in helf into a section of six were colours and a section of six cool colours.
	Artist: Andy Warhol & Christina Balit Improving mastery: painting	WALT: reflect and evaluate.
•••••	Sketch books: record, review, revisit.	
	WALT create your own volca	no using the skills learned e.g. collage, painting and ink.
•••••		
	WALT experiment with a range of collage to	chniques such as tearing, overlapping and layering.
***************************************	WALT recreate a volcano Andy Warhol's volcano us	sing watercolours and ink.
	WALT: use warm and cool colours to recreate half of the volcand	o illustration by C <u>Balit</u> .
Key Questions:		
1) Which art movement was Andy Warhol connected to?	2) Name a warm and a cool colour.	3) Choose three words to describe your artwork.



Temperature

Warm and cool colours

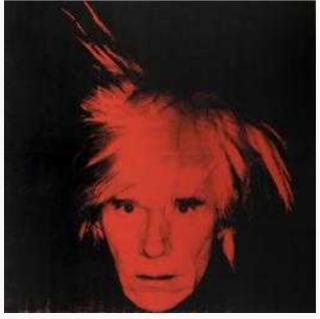
The twelve part colour wheel can be split in half into a section of six **warm** colours and a section of six **cool** colours.





WHO IS ANDY WARHOL?

Andy Warhol is one of the most famous artists, ever. From his soup to his hair, he is an art legend











Year 4: Autumn

Artist: Kandinsky

Improve mastery: painting

Sketch Books: Review and revisit.

WALT: Reflect and Evaluate

WALT: create a 2D shape painting in the style of Kandinsky using complementary colours.

WALT: recreate a section of Kandinsky's painting using paint.

WALT: mix and blend complementary colours.

WALT: explore the life, work and influences of a great artist.



Wassily Kandinsky 1866 - 1944



Retrieval:		Year 4: Autumn	
		Artist: Kandinsky Improve mastery: painting Sketch Books: Review and revisit.	WALT: Reflect and Evaluate
	0000		WALT: create a 2D shape painting in the style of Kandinsky using complementary colours.
	WALT: recre	ate a section of Kandinsky's pai	nting using paint.
	WALT: mix and blend co	mplementary colours.	
	WALT: explore the life, work and influences of a great artist.		

Key Questions:		Wassily Kandinsky 1866 - 1944	
1) What did you learn about Kandinsky?	2) Name two complimenta	ary colours.	3) The title of my artwork is
			•••••



Complementary colours

Complementary colours sit across from each other on the colour wheel.

These are often referred to as **opposite colours** and even **contrasting colours**. Don't be confused by the three different names, they all mean the same thing.





Complementary colours in paintings.







Year 4: Spring

Artist: Charles Bell Birch.

Improving mastery: clay sculpture.

Sketch books: record observations ,review and revisit

WALT: Reflect and evaluate

WALT: paint detail on sculpture Using acrylic paint.

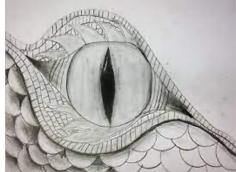
WALT: create a sculpture of a dragon's eye.

WALT: plan a design for a clay sculpture of a dragon's eye

WALT: draw a dragon with attention to form and proportion.

WALT explore and discuss the City of London dragons.





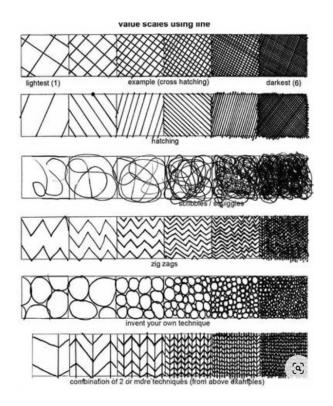




Retrieval:	Year 4: Spring	
	Artist: Charles Bell Birch. Improving mastery: clay sculpture. Sketch books: record observations , review a	walt: Reflect and evaluate and revisit WALT: paint detail on sculpture
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		dragon's eye.
	WALT: plan a design fo sculpture of a dragon's	
	WALT: draw a dragon with attention to	pler coarer
	form and proportion. WALT explore and discuss the	
	City of London dragons.	Common On C Deadly Shad
	GRESSID AND SOUTH DRAIGNESS OF THE STREET OF	Windwalke constraint
Key Questions:		
1) What is Charles Bell Birch famous for creating?	How did you create the texture on your dragon eye?	3) What tip(s) would you give someone creating a dragon eye for the first time?

Resources



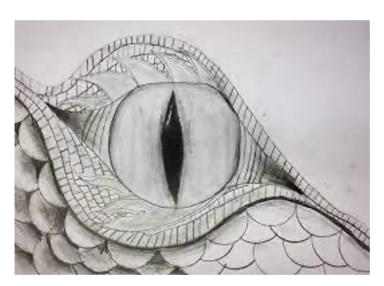


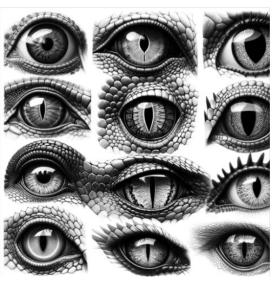




https://www.fis.cityoflondon.gov.uk/about-us/our-dragons







Year 5-Autumn



Artist: Ancient Egyptian art/ artefacts Improve mastery: drawing/sculpture Sketch books: Review & Revisit ideas

WALT: identify and use primary secondary, complementary and contrasting colours and comment on what works well in your own artwork.

WALT: combine and create an Egyptian style headdress considering pattern and colour alongside a self portrait







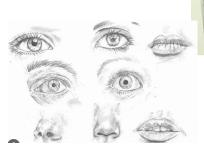




Mary Cassat

WALT: explore different artists styles by imitating at least one portrait masterpiece.

WALT: create a self portrait in pencil considering proportion.



WALT: develop close observation skills of facial features.





Retrieval:	Year 5-Autumn	
		WALT: identify and use primary secondary, complementary and contrasting colours and comment
	WALT: combine a	on what works well in your own artwork. nd create an Egyptian style headdress considering pattern
	Artist: Ancient Egyptian art/ artefacts Improve mastery: drawing/sculpture	ide a self portrait
	Sketch books: Review & Revisit ideas	Van Gogh 1889 Paul Klee 1922 Mary Cassat 1878
	WALT: explore differen	t artists styles by imitating at least one portrait masterpiece.
	WALT: create a self portra	it in pencil considering proportion.
	WALT: develop close observation skills of facial	features.
Key Questions:		
1) Which artist did you select to imitate and why?	2) I have selected these colours because	3) What does proportion mean?







create a self portrait in pencil. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wfosxuah1uk

Features in a self portrait.

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RHtWxuikfos https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mNRGwHehiLI https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=n8q3XMt9aw8

Year 5 -Spring





WALT: Review and evaluate.

WALT create a natural sculpture inspired by nature.

Improving mastery: drawing with pencils and charcoal. Sketch Books: Record observations; review and revisit.

WALT create a rocky landscape picture using shade and tone. (drawing pencils and charcoal)



WALT: explore and discuss the drawings by a selection of well known artists e.g. Pierre Auguste Renoir, Paul Cezanne, Julian Schabel, Andy Goldsworthy

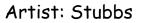
WALT: explore and create texture in drawings.

WALT create an observational drawing of rocks and/or stones.

Retrieval:	Year 5 -Spring	WALT: Review and evaluate.
		WALT create a natural sculpture inspired by nature.
	Improving mastery: drawing with pencils and charcoal. Sketch Books: Record observations; review and revisit.	WALT create a rocky landscape picture using shade and tone. (drawing pencils and charcoal)
		'ALT: explore and discuss the drawings by a selection of well
	kr	nown artists e.g. Pierre Auguste Renoir, Paul Cezanne, Julian chabel, Andy Goldsworthy
	WALT: explore and create	e texture in drawings.
Key Questions:	WALT create an observational drawing of ro	ocks and/or stones.
1) Which artist inspired your artwork?	2) Which materials did you used to create your nature sculpture?	3) Choose three words to describe your artwork.

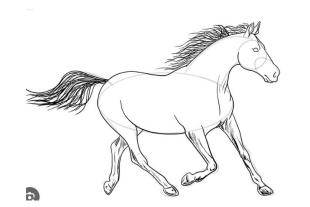


Year 6- Autumn



Improve mastery: drawing.

Sketch books: record, review revisit



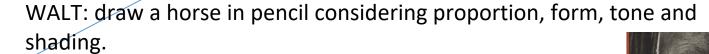
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WALT: Evaluate and review.

WALT: use colour to enhance the movement and texture.

WALT: create fine line drawings of an animal of your choice using a selection of techniques and materials.

WALT: depict movement and perspective in drawings.



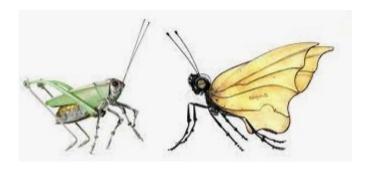
WALT: discuss and evaluate sketches of horses by Stubbs.





Retrieval:	Year 6- Autumn	<i>A</i>
		WALT: Evaluate and review.
***************************************	Artist: Stubbs	WALT: use colour to enhance the movement and texture.
	Improve mastery: drawing. Sketch books: record, review revisit	
	your choice u	fine line drawings of an animal of sing a selection of techniques and
•••••	materials.	
•••••	WALT: depict movement	and perspective in drawings.
***************************************	WALT: draw a horse in pencil considering p shading.	roportion, form, tone and
	WALT: discuss and evaluate sketches of horses by	Stubbs.
Key Questions:		WarHorse
1) What did you learn about Stubbs?	2) Demonstrate the use of line to show movement.	3) Which colours did you select to create your own artwork and why?

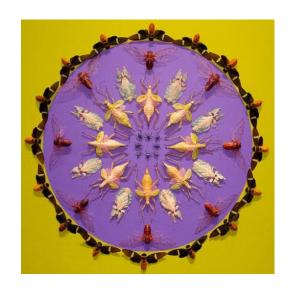
Year 6- Spring



Artists: Edouard Martinet, Lorenzo Possenti

and Jennifer Angus.

Improving mastery: sculpture. Sketch books: review and revisit.



WALT evaluate and reflect.

WALT: create a mini beast sculpture using recycled materials and wire.

WALT: plan and design a sculpture; add shape, texture and pattern.

WALT: Create your own pattern using your insects in a Jennifer Angus style.



WALT: using your style create insects using different parts of a variety of insects and use tertiary colours to enhance their texture.

WALT: develop close observation skills focusing on form and proportion-sketch an insect



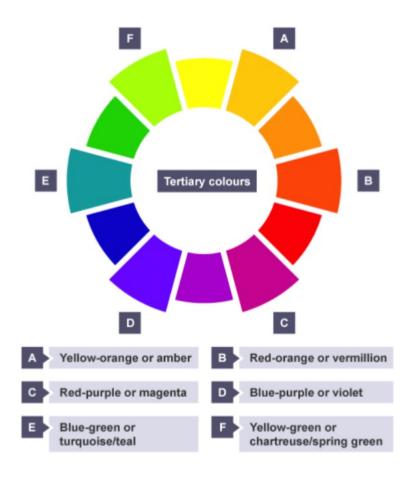
Retrieval:	Year 6- Spring	WALT evaluate and reflect.
	Artists: Edouard Martinet, Lorenzo Possenti and Jennifer Angus. Improving mastery: sculpture. Sketch books: review and revisit.	WALT: create a mini beast sculpture using recycled materials and wire. WALT: plan and design a sculpture; add shape, texture and pattern.
	WALT: Create your own pattern Angus style.	using your insects in a Jennifer
	WALT: using your style create insects variety of insects and use tertiary cold texture.	
	WALT: develop close observation skills focusing	EXPLORER
Key Questions:	on form and proportion-sketch an insect	OF STATE OF
1) What is a tertiary colour?	2) Which artist inspired your artwork?	3) Choose three words to describe your artwork.



Ecofauna by Lorenzo Possenti

Tertiary colours

A **tertiary** colour is made by mixing equal amounts of a primary colour and a secondary colour together. There are six tertiary colours. On the colour wheel, they sit between the primary and secondary colour they are mixed from.



Whole School Arts Week 'Take one Picture'

- 'Take One Picture' is our inspiration for our Arts Week. This is linked to The National Gallery for primary schools, which aims to inspire a lifelong love of art and learning.
- Every year, we take one picture from The National Gallery collection to inspire cross-curricular work in our classrooms.
- At the end of the week, an exhibition is held to celebrate all the learning that has taken place.





